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to be received by the third-party after such payment;

- (8) The amount received from the United States pursuant to any other Federal program for compensation of insured losses related to an act of terrorism;
- (9) The proposed terms of the written settlement agreement, including release language and subrogation terms;
- (10) If requested by Treasury, other relevant agreements, including:
- (i) Admissions of liability or insurance coverage:
- (ii) Determinations of the number of occurrences under a commercial property and casualty insurance policy;
- (iii) The allocation of paid amounts or amounts to be paid to certain policies, or to specific policy, coverage and/or aggregate limits; and
- (iv) Any other agreement that may affect the payment or amount of the Federal share of compensation to be paid to the insurer:
- (11) A statement indicating whether the proposed settlement has been approved by the Federal court or is subject to such approval and whether such approval is expected or likely; and
- (12) Such other information that is related to the insured loss as may be requested by Treasury that it deems necessary to evaluate the proposed settlement.

§ 50.84 Subrogation.

An insurer shall not waive its rights of subrogation under its property and casualty insurance policy and preserve the subrogation right of the United States as provided by section 107(c) of the Act by not taking any action that would prejudice the United States' right of subrogation.

§ 50.85 Amendment related to settlement approval.

Section 107(a)(6) of the Act, added December 22, 2005, provides that procedures and requirements established by the Secretary under §50.82 (as in effect on the date of issuance of that section in final form) shall apply to any cause of action described in section 107(a)(1) of the Act.

[71 FR 27572, May 11, 2006]

Subpart J—Cap on Annual Liability

SOURCE: 74 FR 66067, Dec. 14, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

§50.90 Cap on annual liability.

Pursuant to Section 103 of the Act, if the aggregate insured losses exceed \$100,000,000,000 during any Program Year:

- (a) The Secretary shall not make any payment for any portion of the amount of such losses that exceeds \$100,000,000,000;
- (b) No insurer that has met its insurer deductible shall be liable for the payment of any portion of the amount of such losses that exceeds \$100,000,000,000; and
- (c) The Secretary shall determine the *pro rata* share of insured losses to be paid by each insurer that incurs insured losses under the Program.

§ 50.91 Notice to Congress.

Pursuant to section 103(e)(3) of the Act, the Secretary shall provide an initial notice to Congress within 15 days of the certification of an act of terrorism, stating whether the Secretary estimates that aggregate insured losses will exceed \$100,000,000,000 for the Program Year in which the event occurs. Such initial estimate shall be based on insured loss amounts as compiled by insurance industry statistical organizations and any other information the Secretary in his or her discretion considers appropriate. The Secretary shall also notify Congress if estimated or actual aggregate insured losses exceed \$100,000,000,000 during any Program Year.

§ 50.92 Determination of pro rata share.

(a) Pro rata loss percentage (PRLP) is the percentage determined by the Secretary to be applied by an insurer against the amount that would otherwise be paid by the insurer under the terms and conditions of an insurance policy providing property and casualty insurance under the Program if there were no cap on annual liability under section 103(e)(2)(A) of the Act.